
UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended March 31, 1999

Commission File No. 1-2960

NEWPARK RESOURCES, INC. (Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

DELAWARE (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization) 72-1123385 (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

3850 N. CAUSEWAY, SUITE 1770
METAIRIE, LOUISIANA
(Address of principal executive offices)

70002 (Zip Code)

(504) 838-8222 (Registrant's telephone number)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes X No

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock as of the latest practicable date.

Common stock, \$0.01 par value: 68,888,572 shares at May 11, 1999.

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NEWPARK RESOURCES, INC. INDEX TO FORM 10-Q FOR THE THREE MONTH PERIOD ENDED March 31, 1999

Item Number	Description Number
	PART I
1	Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements: Balance Sheets March 31, 1999 and December 31, 1998
2	Statements of Cash Flows for the Three Month Periods Ended March 31, 1999 and 1998
	PART II
6	Exhibits and Reports on Form 8-K

Newpark Resources, Inc. CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (Unaudited)	March 31,	December 31,	
(In thousands, except share data)	1999	1998	
ASSETS			
CURRENT ASSETS: Cash and cash equivalents Accounts and notes receivable, less allowance	\$ 4,899	\$ 6,611	
of \$10,606 in 1999 and \$11,008 in 1998 Inventories Current taxes receivable Deferred tax asset	60,832 18,381 4,719 13,562	65,675 19,381 10,593 13,776	
Other current assets	4,352	3,292	
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	106,745	119,328	
Property, plant and equipment, at cost, net of accumulated depreciation Cost in excess of net assets of purchased businesses and	211,651	217,988	
identifiable intangibles, net of accumulated amortization Deferred tax asset Other assets	123,110 1,735 43,355	41,889	
	\$ 486,596 ======		
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY			
CURRENT LIABILITIES: Notes payable	\$	\$ 72	
Current maturities of long-term debt Accounts payable	994 14,881	1,195 23,237	
Accrued liabilities Arbitration settlement payable	14,531 6,800	11,711 7,176	
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	37,206	43,391	
ong-term debt Arbitration settlement payable	197,354 6,462	208,057 8,080	
Other non-current liabilities Commitments and contingencies	2,242	2,454 	
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY: Preferred Stock, \$.01 par value, 1,000,000 shares			
authorized, no shares outstanding Common Stock, \$.01 par value, 100,000,000 shares authorized, 68,884,972 shares outstanding in 1999			
and 68,839,672 in 1998 Paid-in capital	688 320,063	688 319,833	
Foreign currency translation adjustments Retained earnings (deficit)	(813) (76,606)	(1,033) (76,991)	
TOTAL STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	243,332	242,497	
	\$ 486,596 ======	\$ 504,479 =======	

Newpark Resources, Inc. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME For the Three Month Periods Ended March 31, (Unaudited)

(In thousands, except per share data)	1999	1998
Revenues Operating costs and expenses: Cost of services provided	\$ 52,779 33,979	\$ 72,404 42,719
Operating costs	14,030 48,009	9,658 52,377
General and administrative expenses Equity in net earnings of	490	911
unconsolidated affiliate		(455)
Operating income Interest income Interest expense	4,280 (298) 3,977	19,571 (480) 2,638
Income before income taxes Provision for income taxes	601 216	17,413 6,186
Net income	\$ 385 =======	\$ 11,227 =======
Weighted average common and common equivalent shares outstanding:		
Basic	68,872 =======	65,364 ======
Diluted	69,185 =======	66,784 =======
Net income per common and common equivalent share:		
Basic	\$ 0.01	\$ 0.17
Diluted	======================================	\$ 0.17

See accompanying Notes to Consolidated financial Statements

Newpark Resources, Inc. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME For the Three Month Periods Ended March 31, (Unaudited)

(In thousands) 1999 1998 Net income \$ 385 \$ 11,227 Other comprehensive income: Foreign currency translation adjustments 220 2	Comprehensive income	\$	605	\$ 11,229
<u> </u>			220	 2
(In thousands) 1999 1998	Net income	\$	385	\$ 11,227
(In thousands) 1999 1998				
	(In thousands)	1	.999	1998

See accompanying Notes to Consolidated financial Statements 4

Newpark Resources, Inc. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE THREE MONTH PERIODS ENDED MARCH 31, (Unaudited)

(In thousands)	1999	1998
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Net income	\$ 385	\$ 11,227
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating		
activities: Depreciation and amortization	7,201	8,053
Provision for deferred income taxes	216	2,870
Net earnings of unconsolidated affiliate		(455)
Other	(264)	(3)
Change in assets and liabilities, net of effects of acquisitions:	(==:)	(-)
Decrease (increase) in accounts and notes receivable	4,812	(12,310)
Decrease in inventories	1,000	813
Decrease (increase) in other assets	1,887	(2,793)
Decrease in accounts payable	(9,796)	(5,753)
Increase in accrued liabilities and other	611	4,827
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	6,052	6,476
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		
Capital expenditures	(6,970)	(13,428)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	104	
Payments received on notes receivable	758	1,176
Advances on notes receivable to joint venture		(405)
Acquisitions, net of cash acquired		467
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(6,108)	(12,190)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Net payments on lines of credit	(10,400)	
Proceeds from equipment leasing	9,320	
Principal payments on notes payable and long-term debt	(576)	(564)
Proceeds from issuance of debt		
Proceeds from exercise of stock options		1,091
NET CASH (USED IN) PROVIDED BY FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(1,656)	527
NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(1,712)	(5,187)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	6,611	21,699
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF THE PERIOD	\$ 4,899	\$ 16,512
<u> </u>	=======	=======

Included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities at March 31, 1999 and 1998 were equipment purchases of \$1.4 million and \$4.7 million, respectively. Also included are notes payable for equipment purchases in the amount of \$234,000 at March 31, 1998. Included in accrued liabilities at March 31, 1998 were \$4.2 million of net assets related to acquisitions.

Interest of \$1.6 million and \$70,000 was paid during the three months ending March 31, 1999 and 1998, respectively. Income taxes of \$217,000 and \$1.9 million were paid during the three months ending March 31, 1999 and 1998, respectively.

NEWPARK RESOURCES, INC. NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1 - INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

In the opinion of management, the accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements reflect all adjustments necessary to present fairly the financial position of Newpark Resources, Inc. ("Newpark" or the "Company") as of March 31, 1999, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the three month periods ended March 31, 1999 and 1998. All such adjustments are of a normal recurring nature. These interim financial statements should be read in conjunction with the December 31, 1998 audited financial statements and related notes filed on Form 10-K. The results of operations for the three month period ended March 31, 1999 are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the entire year.

Certain reclassifications of prior period amounts have been made to conform to the current period presentation.

NOTE 2 - ACQUISITIONS

The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements include the effects of several acquisitions completed during 1998 that were accounted for as poolings of interests. These acquisitions included the following companies:

Company Name	Acquisition Date	Location	Shares
Southwestern Universal Corp Optimum Fluids, Inc. Houston Prime Pipe & Supply	March 19, 1998 May 28, 1999 May 29, 1999	West Texas Canada Gulf Coast	450,000 281,000 420,000
			1,151,000
			========

Information for the quarter ended March 31, 1998 has been restated to reflect the effects of these transactions. In addition, results for the quarter ended March 31, 1998 have been restated to reflect certain adjustments in the Fluids Sales & Engineering segment for charges that had been capitalized in the first quarter and were later determined to be more appropriately expensed. Operating results prior to the combinations of the separate companies and the combined amounts presented in the unaudited consolidated financial statements are summarized below:

Three Months Ended March 31, 1998 (Dollars in thousands)

	Combined	\$	11,227
	Houston Prime Optimum Southwestern	•	272 237 192
Net	Income (Loss): Newpark	\$	10,526
	Combined	\$	72,404
Rev	enues: Newpark Houston Prime Optimum Southwestern	\$	67,393 2,693 1,287 1,031

The accompanying consolidated financial statements also include the results of operations of Protec Mud Services, Ltd. since its acquisition by Newpark effective March 1, 1998, which was accounted for by the purchase method. This acquisition was completed in exchange for an aggregate of 385,418 shares of Newpark common stock and \$4.2 million in cash. The historical results of operations related to this acquisition were not considered significant in relation to the financial reporting requirements of Newpark.

NOTE 4 - EARNINGS PER SHARE

Basic net income per share was calculated by dividing net income by the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding during the period. Diluted net income per share was calculated by dividing net income by the weighted-average number of dilutive stock options granted to outside directors and certain employees which totaled approximately 313,000 shares and 1,420,000 shares during the three months ended March 31, 1999 and 1998, respectively. Options which were considered antidilutive because the exercise price of the options exceeded the average price for the applicable period totaled approximately 3,200,000 shares and 48,000 shares during the three months ended March 31, 1999 and 1998, respectively.

NOTE 5 - ACCOUNTS AND NOTES RECEIVABLE

Included in current accounts and notes receivable at March 31, 1999 and December 31, 1998 are:

(In thousands)	1999	1998
Trade receivables	\$ 65,623	\$ 68,960
Unbilled revenues	3,132	3,663
Gross trade receivables	68,755	72,623
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(10,606)	(11,008)
Net trade receivables	58,149	61,615
Notes and other receivables	2,683	4,060
Total	\$ 60,832 ======	\$ 65,675 =======

NOTE 6 - INVENTORY

The Company's inventory consisted of the following items at March 31, 1999 and December 31, 1998:

(In thousands)	1999	1998
Drilling fluids raw materials and components Logs Board road lumber Supplies Other	\$ 11,809 3,007 897 2,437 231	\$ 11,385 4,835 1,276 1,285 600
Total	\$ 18,381 ========	\$ 19,381 =======

NOTE 7 - CAPITALIZED INTEREST

Interest of \$500,000 and \$296,000 was capitalized during the three months ended March 31, 1999 and 1998, respectively.

NOTE 8 - LONG-TERM DEBT

As of March 31, 1999, the Company maintained a \$100.0 million bank credit facility in the form of a revolving line of credit commitment. The credit facility is unsecured. It bears interest at either a specified prime rate (7.75% at March 31, 1999) or the LIBOR rate (5.0% at March 31, 1999) plus a spread which is determined quarterly based upon the ratio of the Company's funded debt to cash flow. The line of credit requires monthly interest payments and matures on June 30, 2001. At March 31, 1999, \$18.5 million of letters of credit were issued and outstanding, leaving a net of \$81.5 million available for cash advances under the line of credit, of which \$70.5 million was borrowed. The credit facility requires that the Company maintain certain specified financial ratios and

comply with other usual and customary requirements. One of the requirements was that the Company could not incur net losses for two consecutive fiscal quarters. Due primarily to the recording of asset impairment charges and an arbitration settlement in the third and fourth quarters of 1998, the Company sustained net losses for two consecutive quarters. The lenders waived this potential default and amended the current facility to provide for covenants that are consistent with the Company's financial condition and market outlook. At March 31, 1999, the Company was in compliance with all other requirements of the respective agreements, as amended. In addition, the Company's Senior Subordinated Notes and the credit facility contain covenants that significantly limit the payment of dividends on the common stock of the Company.

NOTE 9 SEGMENT DATA

Summarized financial information concerning the Company's reportable segments is shown in the following table:

> Three Months Ended March 31, (Dollars in thousands)

		1999		1998
Revenues by segment: E&P waste disposal Fluids sales & engineering Mat & integrated services	\$ 10,83 23,58 18,38	54 44.6	\$ 18,064 25,341 28,999	24.9% 35.0 40.1
Total	\$ 52,77 =======	79 100.0% == ========	\$ 72,404 =======	100.0%

Three Months Ended March 31, (Dollars in thousands)

1998

\$	3,260 (1,229) 2,739	\$	7,456 4,493 8,078
\$ ===	4,770 ======	\$ ====	20,027 =====

1999

The figures above are shown net of intersegment transfers.

Operating income (loss) by segment:

Fluids sales & engineering Mat & integrated services

E&P waste disposal

Total

NOTE 10 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On April 16, 1999, the Company, sold to SCF-IV, L.P., a Delaware limited partnership managed by SCF Partners (the "Purchaser"), 150,000 shares of Series A Cumulative Perpetual Preferred Stock, \$0.01 par value per share (the "Series A Preferred Stock"), and a warrant (the "Warrant") to purchase up to 2,400,000 shares of the Common Stock of the Company at an exercise price of \$8.50 per share, subject to anti-dilution adjustments. The aggregate purchase price for the Series A Preferred Stock and the Warrant was \$15.0 million, and the net proceeds from the sale were used to repay indebtedness. No underwriting discounts, commissions or similar fees were paid in connection with the sale of the securities.

Cumulative dividends are payable on the Series A Preferred Stock quarterly in arrears at the initial dividend rate of 5% per annum, based on the stated value of \$100 per share of Series A Preferred Stock. Dividends for the first three years are payable in Newpark Common Stock. The dividend rate is subject to adjustment three, five and seven years after the date of issuance. The agreement does not restrict Common Stock Dividends or Repurchases of Common Stock by the Company as long as all accumulated dividends on the Series A. Preferred Stock have been paid in full.

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following discussion of the Company's financial condition, results of operations, liquidity and capital resources should be read in conjunction with the accompanying "Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements" and "Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements" as well as the Company's annual report on form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1998.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Sustained weakness in oil and gas prices in 1998 and throughout most of the recent quarter has produced a decline in market activity as measured by the rig count in the markets that Newpark serves. The decline in drilling activity continued throughout the quarter, even as oil and gas prices began to improve.

The table below shows the average crude oil and natural gas prices for the first quarters of 1999 and 1998:

	1999	1998
West Texas Intermediate Crude (\$/bbl) U.S. Spot Natural Gas (\$/mcf)	\$ 13.17 \$ 1.80	\$ 15.90 \$ 2.06

The table below, based on the Baker-Hughes Rotary Rig Count depicts the recent downward trend in Newpark's primary market areas, including (i) South Louisiana Land; (ii) Texas Railroad Commission Districts 2 and 3; (iii) Louisiana and Texas Inland Waters; and (iv) Offshore Gulf of Mexico:

	1Q98 	2Q98 	3Q98 	4Q98 	1Q99
U.S. Rig Count	968	864	796	690	551
Newpark's prime market	283	266	219	204	185
Newpark's prime market to total	29.2%	30.8%	27.5%	29.6%	33.6%

As of the week ended April 23, 1999, the U.S. rig count was 488, with 166 rigs, or 34.0%, within Newpark's primary market. This marks the lowest rig count (U.S. Rig Count) ever recorded in the history of the indicator. Rig counts in Newpark's primary market are down from a peak of 297, recorded during the week ended February 20, 1998.

Source: Baker Hughes Incorporated

The recent decline in rig activity has affected the Company's revenue and is expected to continue to affect future period revenues until the cash flow of the independent oil and gas production industry recovers.

Natural gas production accounts for the majority of activity in the Gulf Coast region. Gas prices began to improve during March 1999 and have continued to rise during April. Lower oil prices, beginning in 1998, slowed drilling in markets more oriented toward oil, such as the Austin Chauk region, West Texas, Oklahoma and areas which produce primarily heavy oil, such as Canada and Venezuela. Oil prices have recovered as a result of voluntary production curtailment by OPEC member

countries. Recent news reports of improving economic conditions in other world markets are expected to produce increased demand, which should provide increased support for the current pricing of oil.

Operating results for the quarter ended March 31, 1998 have been restated to give effect to several pooling of interests transactions that took place during 1998 and the reallocation of certain 1998 charges that affected first quarter results. Summarized financial information concerning the Company's reportable segments for the three month periods ended March 31, 1999 and 1998 is shown below:

Three Months Ended March 31, (Dollars in thousands)

	1999		1998		
Revenues by segment:					
E&P waste disposal	\$ 10,834	20.5%	\$	18,064	24.9%
Fluids sales & engineering	23,554	44.6		25,341	35.0
Mat & integrated services	18,391	34.9		28,999	40.1
Total	\$ 52,779	100.0%	\$	72,404	100.0%

Three Months Ended March 31, (Dollars in thousands)

	1999		1998	
Operating income (loss) by segment:				
E&P waste disposal	\$	3,260	\$	7,456
Fluids sales & engineering		(1,229)		4,493
Mat & integrated services		2,739		8,078
Total	\$	4,770	\$	20.027
IOCAL	====	- ,770	===:	=======

The figures above are shown net of intersegment transfers.

Revenues

Total revenues declined to \$52.8 million in 1999, from \$72.4 million in 1998, a decrease of \$19.6 million, or 27.1%. The components of the decrease in revenues were a \$7.2 million decrease in waste disposal revenues, a \$1.8 million decrease in drilling fluids sales and engineering revenues and a \$10.6 million decrease in mat and integrated services revenues.

The \$7.2 million or 40% decrease in waste disposal revenue is attributable to the decline in waste volumes received as a result of lower drilling activity. During the first quarter of 1999 Newpark received 783,000 barrels of E&P waste compared to 1.6 million barrels in the comparable quarter of 1998, a 51% decline while pricing remained stable during the comparable periods. Approximately 60% of the decline occurred in the inland barge drilling market, and an additional 10% resulted from Newpark's waste water recycling program, which reduces the number of barrels, not

the revenue earned. E&P waste accounted for 89% and 95% of total waste disposal revenues for the quarters ended March 31, 1999 and 1998, respectively.

In spite of the significant declines in drilling rig activity relative to the first quarter of 1998, drilling fluids revenue declined only \$1.8 million, or 7%. Drilling fluids revenues were benefited by several acquisitions during 1998 which, among other things, expanded operations into the Oklahoma Anadarko Basin and Western Canada. In addition, the drilling fluids segment continued to penetrate the markets that it serves and gain market share. Offsetting these revenue gains was the continued softness in commodity prices experienced throughout the drilling fluids industry that began in the latter part of 1998. While commodity pricing has put downward pressure on both revenues and margins in this segment, the Company continues to be pleased with its customers' reception to its DeepDrill(TM) fluids system. As this system gains greater market acceptance, it is expected to enhance both revenues and margins for this segment.

The decrease of \$10.6 million in mat and integrated services revenue reflects competitive pressure and low activity relative to industry capacity. The Company, as well as many of its competitors, had increased their inventories of mats during 1997 and the first half of 1998 in response to increasing industry activity. The sharp decline in drilling activity created significant overcapacity in this market. Roll-out of the new composite mats is continuing and the anticipated lower operating costs for the new mats is expected to help the Company to better compete in the current competitive pricing environment.

Operating Income

The Company reported operating income of \$4.3 million for the first quarter of 1999, a decline of \$15.3 million or 78%, as compared to operating income of \$19.6 million in 1998. Beginning in the third quarter of 1998, the Company began significant cost reductions in its infrastructure in order to address market shifts and the expected continuance of lower drilling activity. The full effects of some of these reductions were not completely realized in the first quarter of 1999. The Company will continue to monitor its level of operating costs in relation to revenues, while ensuring that customer service is not impaired. While Newpark has recently made significant cost cuts, it has attempted to maintain a level of operating capacity which will allow a recovery when drilling activity increases.

Segment operating income declined to \$4.8 million in the first quarter of 1999 from \$20.0 million in 1998, a decrease of \$15.2 million, or 76%. The components of the decrease were a \$4.2 million decrease in E&P waste disposal operating income, a \$5.7 million decrease in fluids sales and engineering operating income and a \$5.3 million decrease in mat and integrated services operating income.

The \$4.2 million decrease in waste disposal operating income resulted from a 40% decline in volume that reduced operating margins. When the sharp decline in market activity began in the second quarter of 1998, the Company began reducing the number of barges in its operations, including tugboats under charter, closing facilities and reducing staffing levels. The Company has continued to reduce costs in this segment of its business in the first quarter of 1999.

The \$5.7 million decrease in fluids sales and engineering operating income is due primarily to the decline in revenue of \$1.8 million that resulted from the rig count decline and commodity pricing. Rapid expansion in this business segment through acquisitions and new distribution facilities during 1997 and 1998, significantly increased the Company's drilling fluids infrastructure. The downturn in oil prices, and reduced drilling activity in the regions that this segment serviced resulted in lower revenue opportunities and sharp declines in operating margins beginning in the latter half of 1998. In response, the Company has closed several of its facilities, primarily in the Austin Chauk of Louisiana and Texas, and downsized its operations. This downsizing has included the disposal of assets, which do not serve its other markets effectively, and the reduction in staffing levels. The Company has continued to make cost reductions in this business segment in the first quarter of 1999.

The \$5.3 million decrease in mat and integrated services operating income is attributable to the \$10.6 million decline in revenues for this segment, declining margins from competitive pricing and, increased operating costs associated with the continued disposal of wooden mats. Mat disposal operations were conducted for the most part with internal labor and assets. There will be some continuing cost for mat disposal in the second quarter of 1999. This business segment has significantly cut costs in response to the decline in demand for its services by reducing staffing levels, closing facilities and disposing of excess assets. Further cost cuts were implemented in this segment in the first quarter of 1999.

Interest Income/Expense

Net interest expense was \$3.7 million for the first quarter of 1999, an increase of \$1.5 million, or 68% as compared to \$2.2 million for the first quarter of 1998. The increase in net interest cost is due to an increase of \$75 million in average outstanding borrowings which was slightly offset by a decrease in the average effective interest rate from 9.13% in 1998 to 8.79% in 1999. The increase in average outstanding borrowings under the Company's bank credit facility during 1998 was used to fund acquisitions, capital expenditures and working capital for operations growth experienced until the sharp decline in drilling activity in the third quarter of 1998. During the first quarter of 1999, the Company reduced total borrowings by \$11 million. In addition, as discussed below, in April 1999 the Company further reduced its borrowings by \$15 million from net proceeds of a preferred stock offering.

Provision for Income Taxes

For the quarters ended March 31, 1999 and 1998, the Company recorded income tax provisions of \$216,000 and \$6.2 million, reflecting an income tax rate of 35.9% and 35.5%, respectively.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

The Company's working capital position decreased by \$6.4 million during the quarter ended March 31, 1999. Key working capital data is provided below:

	March 31, 1999	December 31, 1998			
Working Capital (000's)	\$ 69,539	\$ 75,937			
Current Ratio	2.87	2.75			

The Company's long term capitalization was as follows:

	March 31, 1999		December 31, 1998	
Long-term debt (including current maturities): Credit facility Subordinated debt Other	\$	70,500 125,000 2,848	\$	80,900 125,000 3,352
Total long-term debt Stockholders' equity		198,348		209,252
Total capitalization	\$ ===	441,680	\$ ===	451,749

For the quarter ended March 31, 1999, Newpark's working capital needs were met primarily from operating cash flow. Total cash generated from operations of \$6.1 million helped provide for \$6.1 million used in investing activities and \$1.7 million used in financing activities.

During the first quarter of 1999, the Company entered into an operating lease transaction, under which it received \$9.3 million in reimbursement of expenditures previously incurred by the Company for the purchase of a portion of the underlying equipment. Additionally the Company received an income tax refund of approximately \$6.1 million, during this same period.

Newpark's current bank credit facility provides for a \$100.0 million revolving credit facility maturing on June 30, 2001, including up to \$20.0 million in standby letters of credit. At March 31, 1999, \$18.5 million in letters of credit were issued and outstanding under the credit facility, and \$70.5 million was outstanding under the revolving facility. Advances under the credit facility bear interest at either (i) a specified prime rate or (ii) the LIBOR rate plus a spread which is determined quarterly based on the credit facility. The credit facility requires that Newpark maintain certain specified financial ratios and comply with other usual and customary requirements. One of the requirements of the credit facility is that the Company cannot incur losses for two consecutive quarters. Due primarily to asset impairments and an arbitration settlement that were both recorded during the third and fourth quarter of 1998, the Company sustained losses over two quarters. The banks have waived any potential defaults as a result of these two loss quarters and amended the Credit Facility to provide for covenants which are consistent with

the Company's current financial condition and anticipated market outlook. Newpark was in compliance with all other requirements of the credit facility, as amended, at March 31, 1999. Several of the financial ratios under the credit facility are at or near their respective limits. Any losses sustained by the Company in future quarters may cause Newpark to not be in compliance with certain financial covenants unless waivers can be obtained from the banks.

In April 1999 the Company sold to SCF-IV, L.P., a Delaware limited partnership managed by SCF Partners, 150,000 shares of Series A Cumulative Perpetual Preferred Stock, \$0.01 par value per share (the "Series A Preferred Stock"), and a warrant (the "Warrant") to purchase up to 2,400,000 shares of the Common Stock of the Company at an exercise price of \$8.50 per share, subject to anti-dilution adjustments. The aggregate purchase price for the Series A Preferred Stock and the Warrant was \$15.0 million, and the net proceeds from the sale have been used to repay indebtedness. This repayment of debt has provided additional coverage under two of the financial ratios of the credit facility. The Company has plans to make additional reductions of the outstanding balance during 1999. There can be no assurance, however, that the Company will be able to make such additional reductions, or, if needed, obtain any necessary waivers from the banks.

For 1999, Newpark anticipates capital expenditures of approximately \$30 million, including: (i) \$3 million to develop non-hazardous industrial waste injection well sites, (ii) \$6 million for expansion of drilling fluids operations, including the purchase of equipment associated with fluids processing and recycling and infrastructure expansions; (iii) \$2 million to complete an enlarged joint operational offshore facility; (iv) \$16 million for the purchase of synthetic mats and additional hardwood mats; and (v) \$3 million for maintenance capital.

Potential sources of additional funds, if required by the Company, would include operating leases for equipment purchases and the sale of equity securities. The Company presently has no commitments beyond its working capital and bank lines of credit by which it could obtain additional funds for current operations; however, it regularly evaluates potential borrowing arrangements which may be utilized to fund future expansion. Newpark believes that its current sources of capital, coupled with internally generated funds, will be sufficient to support its working capital, capital expenditure and debt service requirements for the foreseeable future provided that market conditions stabilize or improve from current levels. Any further protracted downturn in market conditions could have an adverse affect on the Company's future available capital and would likely result in reductions in planned capital expenditures. Except as described in the preceding paragraph, Newpark is not aware of any material expenditures, significant balloon payments or other payments on long term obligations or any other demands or commitments, including off-balance sheet items to be incurred within the next 12 months.

Inflation has not materially impacted the Company's revenues or income.

YEAR 2000

The Company relies heavily on computers in its internal and external financial reporting systems. In addition, computers are used extensively throughout the Company to perform critical operating activities, including the processing of payroll, accounts receivable and accounts payable and to perform critical analyses such as well reports for drilling fluids customers and testing of E&P waste streams received from customers. The Company also makes use of computers for efficient communications with employees and customers, including extensive use of e-mail systems and the Internet, and is expected to expand its use of such technology in the future. Finally, embedded technology such as microcontrollers are commonly found in equipment used throughout the Company's operations. The complete failure of these systems could have a material negative impact on the operations of the Company. In addition, most of the Company's major suppliers and customers rely heavily on similar computer systems and failures in such systems could disrupt their operations.

The Company is substantially complete in assessing and addressing Year 2000 issues in its major computer systems. Most of the Company's major systems have been updated in the normal course of business or replaced with applications that are Year 2000 compliant. No system replacements were made or accelerated to comply with Year 2000 issues, but rather were made to address other operating issues.

In addition to substantially addressing Year 2000 issues in its own critical computer systems, the Company continues its process of contacting its major customers and vendors to assess their progress in addressing their Year 2000 issues. Included with these contacts is a request to address embedded technology as it relates to their own operations and to products supplied to the Company. The Company expects to have responses from these customers and vendors by the second or third quarter of 1999. The Company believes that in making these contacts it can minimize the risks associated with Year 2000 failures of such vendors and customers. The Company can give no assurance that the systems of other companies on which its systems rely will be converted or otherwise addressed on time, or that a failure to convert by another company would not have a material adverse effect on Newpark.

While the Company has and will continue to make efforts to address Year 2000 issues, it could experience disruptions in its operations as a result of failures in its own systems and those of its major vendors or customers. Accordingly, the Company will develop contingency plans by the end of the second quarter of 1999 to help mitigate the effects of failures, if any.

To date, the total amount spent on Year 2000 issues has been less than \$100,000 and has not been material to the Company's operations or financial condition. Based on current assessments, the Company expects to incur less than \$100,000 in additional expenditures to address Year 2000 issues. However, these estimates are subject to revisions based on future assessments and responses from vendors and customers.

Estimates of the costs or consequences of incomplete or untimely resolution of Year 2000 issues would be speculative. The Company will continue to assess and address Year 2000 issues and expects to fund such efforts through operating cash flows.

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

The foregoing discussion contains `forward-looking statements' within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Act of 1934, as amended. There are risks and uncertainties that could cause future events and results to differ materially from those anticipated by management in the forward-looking statements included in this report. Among these risks and uncertainties are (a) the level of exploration for and production of oil and gas and the industry's willingness to spend capital on environmental and oilfield services; (b) oil and gas prices, expectations about future prices, the cost of exploring for, producing and delivering oil and gas, the discovery rate of new oil and gas reserves and the ability of oil and gas companies to raise capital; (c) domestic and international political, military, regulatory and economic conditions; (d) other risks and uncertainties generally applicable to the oil and gas exploration and production industry; (e) any rescission or relaxation of existing regulations affecting the disposal of E&P waste and NORM, failure of governmental authorities to enforce such regulations or the ability of industry participants to avoid or delay compliance with such regulations; (f) future technological change and innovation, which could result in a reduction in the amount of waste being generated or alternative methods of disposal being developed; (g) increased competition in the Company's product lines; (h) the Company's success in introducing new products and integrating potential future acquisitions; and (i) any disruptions in its operations as a result of failures in its own computer systems and those of its major vendors or customers resulting from Year 2000 issues.

PART II

ITEM 6. EXHIBIT AND REPORTS ON FORM 8-K

- (a) Exhibits
 - 27. Financial Data Schedule
- (b) The registrant did not file any reports on Form 8-K for the quarter ended March 31, 1999.

NEWPARK RESOURCES, INC.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

Date: May 11, 1999

NEWPARK RESOURCES, INC.

By: /s/ Matthew W. Hardey

Matthew W. Hardey, Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

INDEX TO EXHIBITS

EXHIBIT

NUMBER DESCRIPTION

27 Financial Data Schedule

```
3-M0S
      DEC-31-1999
         JAN-01-1999
           MAR-31-1999
4,899
                    0
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10,606
18,381
106,745
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             486,596
       37,206
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                      0
                      688
                 242,644
486,596
                     52,779
            52,779
                      33,979
               48,009
0
                 0
           3,977 601
                 216
            385
                  0
                  0
                  385
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                 0.01
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